From the Census 2000 Supplementary Survey:

Population and Housing Profile: Michigan

NOTES: The population estimates in this profile are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters.

In the narrative profile below, if one sample estimate is larger than another, it does not necessarily mean that the same holds for their true values for the entire population. These estimates are derived from a sample of housing units and measure the true values with a degree of uncertainty. In the tabular profiles this uncertainty is represented by the 90 percent confidence interval given for each estimate. For further information on confidence intervals see the Accuracy of the Data document.

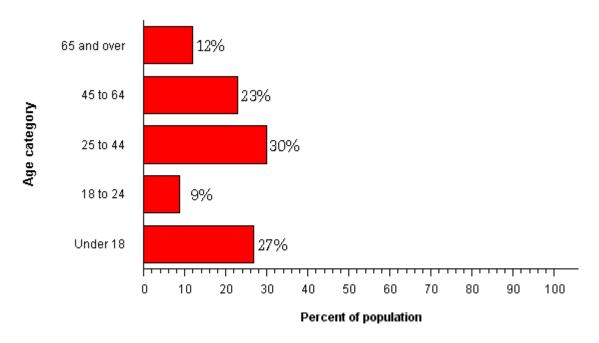
Caution should be used when comparing data by race for years before 1999 with those for 2000 due to the Census Bureau's implementation of the October 1997 revised standards for data on race and ethnicity. For the 2000 data, respondents may report one or more races and there are seven (American Indian and Alaska Native, Asian, Black or African American, Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, White, Some other race, and Two or more races) instead of five racial tabulation categories. The two or more races category includes all respondents who reported more than one race. See the methodology section for more details regarding these changes.

In addition, caution should be used when comparing population numbers by age, race, and sex for 2000 with all earlier years. The numbers for 2000 have been weighted to be generally consistent with Census 2000 counts.

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, go to the Census 2000 Supplementary Survey web site www.census.gov/c2ss/www/ and click on Methodology.

POPULATION OF Michigan: In 2000, Michigan had a household population of 9,688,557 - 4,958,708 (51 percent) females and 4,729,849 (49 percent) males. The median age was 35.6 years. Twenty-seven percent of the population were under 18 years and 12 percent were 65 years and older.

The Age Distribution of People in Michigan in 2000



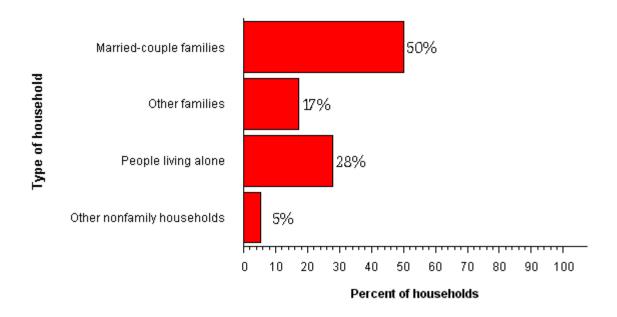
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey

For people reporting one race, 83 percent were White; 14 percent were Black or African American; less than 0.5 percent were American Indian or Alaska Native; 2 percent were Asian; less than 0.5 percent were Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, and 1 percent were Some other race. Two percent reported Two or more races. Three percent of the people in Michigan were Hispanic or Latino. Seventy-nine percent of the people in Michigan were not Hispanic or Latino, White alone. People of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race.

HOUSEHOLDS AND FAMILIES: In 2000 there were 3,806,700 households in Michigan. The average household size was 2.55 people.

Families made up 67 percent of the households in Michigan that year. This figure includes both married couple families (50 percent) and other families (17 percent). Non-family households made up 33 percent of all households in Michigan. Most of the non-family households were people living alone, but some were people living in households maintained by non-relatives.

The Types of Households in Michigan in 2000



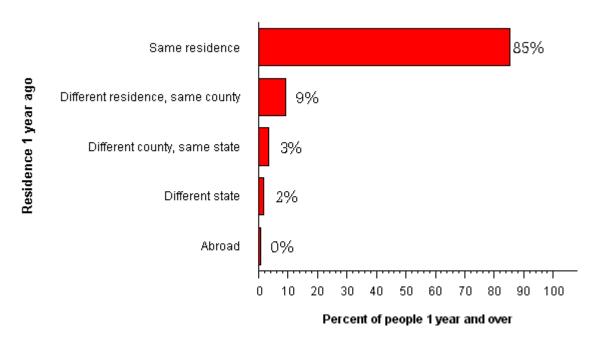
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey

NATIVITY AND LANGUAGE: Five percent of the people living in Michigan in 2000 were foreign born. Ninety-five percent were native, including 79 percent who were born in Michigan.

Among people at least five years old living in Michigan in 2000, 8 percent spoke a language other than English at home. Of those speaking a language other than English at home, 30 percent spoke Spanish and 70 percent spoke some other language; 35 percent reported that they did not speak English "very well."

GEOGRAPHIC MOBILITY: In 2000, 85 percent of the people at least one year old living in Michigan were living in the same residence one year earlier; 9 percent had moved during the past year from another residence in the same county, 3 percent from another county in the same state, 2 percent from another state, and less than 0.5 percent from abroad.

Geographic Mobility of Residents of Michigan in 2000

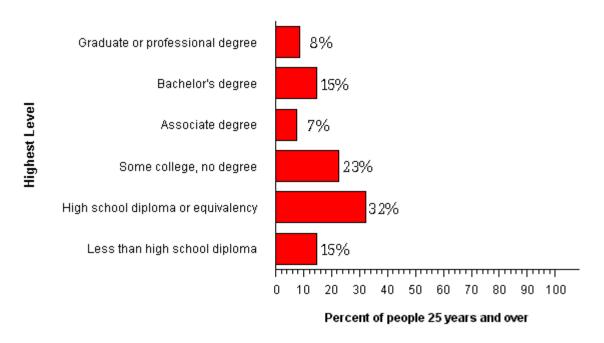


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey

EDUCATION: In 2000, 85 percent of people 25 years and over had at least graduated from high school and 23 percent had a bachelor's degree or higher. Among people 16 to 19 years old, 10 percent were dropouts; they were not enrolled in school and had not graduated from high school.

The total school enrollment in Michigan was 2,672,775 in 2000. Preprimary school enrollment was 306,036 and elementary or high school enrollment was 1,779,110 children. College enrollment was 587,629.

The Educational Attainment of People in Michigan in 2000

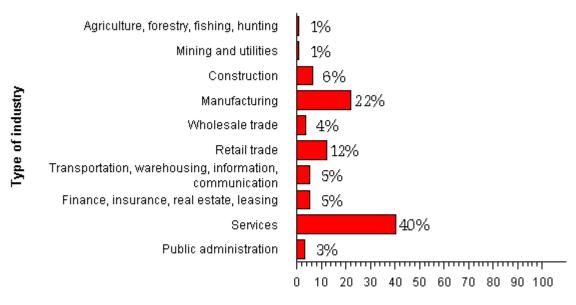


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey

DISABILITY: In Michigan, among people at least five years old in 2000, 16 percent reported a disability. The likelihood of having a disability varied by age - from 7 percent of people 5 to 20 years old, to 15 percent of people 21 to 64 years old, and to 43 percent of those 65 and older.

INDUSTRIES: In 2000, for the employed population 16 years and older, the leading industries in Michigan were Services, 40 percent, and Manufacturing, 22 percent.

Employment by Industry in Michigan in 2000



Percent of employed population 16 years and over

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey

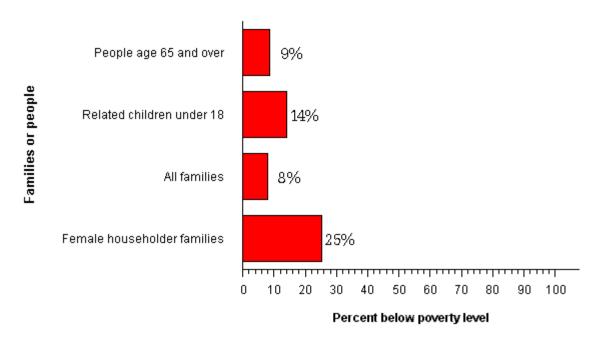
OCCUPATIONS AND TYPE OF EMPLOYER: Among the most common occupations were: Management, professional, and related occupations, 31 percent; Sales and office occupations, 26 percent; Production, transportation, and material moving occupations, 17 percent; Service occupations, 15 percent; and Construction, extraction and maintenance occupations, 9 percent. Eighty-four percent of the people employed were Private wage and salary workers; 11 percent were Federal, state, or local government workers; and 5 percent were Self-employed.

TRAVEL TO WORK: Eighty-four percent of Michigan workers drove to work alone in 2000, 9 percent carpooled, and 1 percent took public transportation. Three percent worked at home. Among those who commuted to work, it took them on average 23 minutes to get to work.

INCOME: The median income of households in Michigan was \$43,448. Eighty percent of the households received earnings and 20 percent received retirement income other than Social Security. Twenty-seven percent of the households received Social Security. The average income from Social Security was \$11,688. These income sources are not mutually exclusive; that is, some households received income from more than one source.

POVERTY AND PARTICIPATION IN GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS: In 2000, 10 percent of persons were in poverty. Fourteen percent of related children under 18 were below the poverty level, compared with 9 percent of people 65 years old and over. Eight percent of all families and 25 percent of families with a female householder and no husband present had incomes below the poverty level. Fifteen percent of the households in Michigan received means-tested public assistance or noncash benefits.

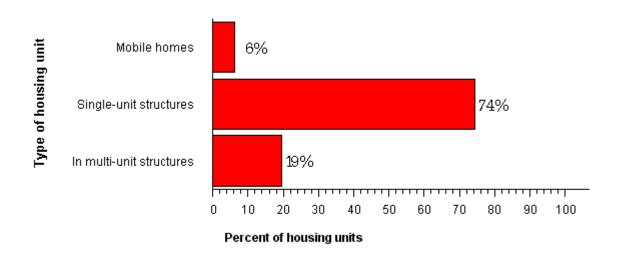
Poverty Rates in Michigan in 2000



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS: In 2000, Michigan had a total of 4,234,277 housing units, 10.1 percent of which were vacant. Of the total housing units, 74 percent were in single-unit structures, 19 percent were in multi-unit structures, and 6 percent were mobile homes. Fourteen percent of the housing units were built since 1990.

The Types of Housing Units in Michigan in 2000

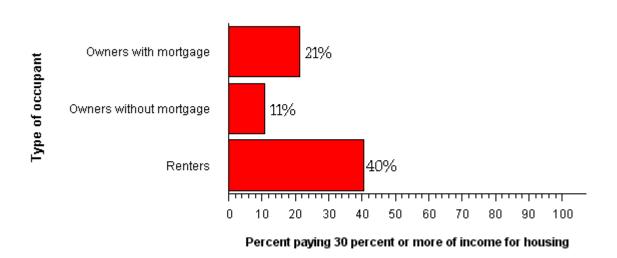


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNIT CHARACTERISTICS: The occupied units consisted of 74 percent that were owner occupied and 26 percent that were renter occupied. There were 12,754 (0.3 percent) and 21,671 (0.6 percent) occupied units lacking plumbing and kitchen facilities, respectively. Three percent of the households did not have telephone service and 6 percent of the households did not have access to a car, truck, or van for private use. Multi-vehicle households were not rare. Forty percent had two vehicles and another 19 percent had three or more.

HOUSING COSTS: The median monthly housing costs for (specified) mortgaged owners was \$961, nonmortgaged owners \$282, and (specified) renters \$552. Twenty-one percent of owners with mortgages, 11 percent of owners without mortgages, and 40 percent of renters in Michigan spent 30 percent or more of household income on housing.

Occupants with a Housing Cost Burden in Michigan in 2000



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey